Appln. No.: 10/599,301

Reply to Office action of March 17, 2008

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:** 

1-12(Cancelled).

13(Currently Amended). A piston ring having at least one operating surface, an

upper face and a lower face, where the operating surface includes an HVOF-applied

layering having a surface roughness factor Rk<0.12µm and a porosity of < 5%, and

wherein at least one of the upper and lower faces has a trapezoidal form adjacent said

operating surface [[is]] provided with a galvanic protective layer.

14(Previously Presented). The piston ring according to claim 13 wherein the layering

has a surface roughness factor of Rk<0.10μm.

15(Previously Presented). The piston ring according to claim 13 wherein the layering

has a surface roughness factor Rk<0.08µm.

16(Previously Presented). The piston ring according to claim 13 wherein the layering

comprises carbide materials.

17(Previously Presented). The piston ring according to claim 13, wherein the layering

is made of carbide materials selected from the group consisting of WC and/or TiC, and/or

CrC.

18(Canceled).

19(Canceled).

20(Canceled).

21(Currently Amended). The piston ring according to claim [[20]]13 wherein the

galvanic protective layer is chrome-based material applied on said trapezoidal form

immediately adjacent said operating surface.

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22(Previously Presented). The piston ring according to claim 21 wherein the galvanic layer has a thickness between  $1\mu m$  and  $20\mu m$ .

23(Currently Amended). A method of making piston rings, including gathering a plurality of piston rings in a packet of such rings, exposing operating surfaces of the packet of rings to a HVOF process whereby a layering of thermal sprayed material is applied to the operating surfaces with a porosity < 5% and an upper surface roughness measured in an axial direction of Rk <0.10µm; forming at least part of an upper and lower surface[[s]] of the individual rings adjacent said operating surface into a trapezoidal shape and applying a galvanic layer over the trapezoidal areas.

24(Canceled).

25(Previously Presented). The method of claim 23 wherein the galvanized layer has a thickness between 1 and  $20\mu m$ .